

THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

News Gathered Up in the Old Country.

LABOR TROUBLES IN GERMANY.

Associations Being Formed Which are Opposed to Organized Labor—Socialism on the Increase—Various Other News from Foreign Ports.

London, March 28.—Manufacturers throughout Germany are forming associations similar to that organized by the Harnitz cigar manufacturers, which carried them through to success in their struggle with the cigarmakers. The Harnitz manufacturers say that the strike cost the working people 300,000 marks. Social Democrats from all parts of Germany contributing, and, it is said, that as a consequence of the defeat of the strikers the mines will not enter upon the great strike which they contemplated this spring. The Social Democrats, however, claim not to be discouraged and are actively pushing the co-operative movement of the cigarmakers, the union throughout Germany pledging themselves to smoke cigars only manufactured by union men.

The Socialists are active and aggressive everywhere. In the town of Remscheid, Rhensia Prussia, where the workmen employed in the iron-ware factories are strongly imbued with the social democracy, some persons hoisted a red flag over the town hall inscribed the words "Commune-Work." As soon as the flag was raised there was a great excitement and a number of workmen gathered at the town hall and cheered the emblem. The authorities summoned the police and firemen to take down the flag and disperse the crowd. The Socialists at first showed a disposition to resist, and some of the men made an energetic protest against police interference. The police promptly arrested two of the ring-leaders and succeeded in lowering the flag, which was carried off to be used as evidence against the prisoners.

Four Mysterious Murders.—Four mysterious murders that have been committed within the past year, and which have puzzled the officers of the law, now seem to be in a fair way of being solved. The victims were Alex. Hamilton, who was killed on July 9, 1890, about three miles west of Purcell, T. T.; an old German and his son, who were called from the cabin shortly after the opening of Oklahoma, and cruelly shot to death; and a clerk employed by the Santa Fe railroad at Forten, in the Cherokee nation. The murders were committed by none other than Bill Huggins and his gang, who were captured Feb. 5 last. The officials have already gathered strong evidence against Huggins and say that in time they will fasten the guilt upon him and his associates.

Attempted Murder.—Sofia, March 28.—A dastardly attempt was made yesterday evening to murder M. Stambouloff, the Bulgarian premier. Another being murdered by mistake. Stambouloff and Balcheff, another of the ministers, were in each other. About 11 o'clock yesterday evening Balcheff was entering his house when a man fired three times at him point blank with a revolver. Balcheff fell dead and in his confusion the assassin escaped. Spectators of the tragedy state that three accomplices assisted the assassin. The police are scouring the city for the murderer. No doubt is felt that Balcheff was shot by mistake for Stambouloff.

Thrilling Scene in Court.—Cork, March 28.—A thrilling scene occurred yesterday when the judge was summoned up in the Tipperary riot trial. The court house was crowded, when a barrister present noticed the reflection of flames in the glass of the dome over head. He at once gave notice as quietly as possible to the judge who, without any display of emotion, adjourned the proceedings. During the excitement the police maintained perfect order, and the room, which had been packed, was emptied without a panic. The flames were afterward extinguished. The fire is believed to have been incendiary.

Married Forty-Three Times.—London, March 28.—A handsome English woman named Evelyn Neal has been a free agent for investigating forty-three men in marriage, and admitted as a wealthy widow. Her last victim, as a victim, almost ruined by gambling.

Chaplain's Letter.—Canton, O., March 28.—Rev. William Leonard, bishop of Chicago, preached at St. Paul's Episcopal church last night, occupying the pulpit made vacant by the conviction of Rev. Howard Macquary, the "heretic." Referring to this trouble the bishop trusted that Christian charity would heal the differences created by an unpleasant duty, and that the parish would grow in strength and grace. Rev. Leonard's sermon was on the pulpit temporarily. Rev. Macquary has promised to preach in Canton from some hall if a pulpit is denied him. He is almost certain to take the patronage of the independent Congregational church at James-town, N. Y.

Steam Pipe Bursts.—New York, March 28.—Fred Miller, an officer on the Malby line steamer City of Texas, was seriously injured by the bursting of a steam pipe, and is expected to die. The vessel was on its way to New York from the West.

Johnston's Carriage.—Yesterday Judge Graham passed sentence on Stephen Johnston, convicted of setting fire to John Johnston's carriage repository at Blue Fly, giving him five years in the penitentiary.

TRAFFIC IN TRAMPS.

Big Business Done by the Janitor of the Town Hall at Jamestown, L. I.

JAMESTOWN, L. I., March 28.—During the past ten months 9,000 tramps have found a harbor of refuge in the town hall here. The grand jury finds that the janitor allows thirty cents a night for lodging and feeding each tramp, and that this allowance has been made a big source of profit, tramps remaining about for weeks at a time. Out of the thirty cents, it is alleged that the janitor received fifteen cents for bread and coffee, the overseer of the poor five and the town two cents. It is said that the janitor made twelve cents clear on each tramp.

Reported as a Tramp.—Lima, O., March 28.—A man, who was lately organized as a tramp, was taken into custody by a patrolman at the station which proposes to parallel the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago from Pittsburg to Chicago. The road will start at Powersville, on the Pennsylvania and run west through Philadelphia, Canton, Mayersville and Lima, Pa. It is proposed to run a branch line from Powersville to Lima, Pa. to St. Louis. It will be seventy-five miles shorter than the Fort Wayne route between Pittsburg and Chicago. The officers of the company are as follows: President, J. H. Lee; Vice President, N. C. Carson; Secretary, Jacob Kibler; Treasurer, M. L. Lee.

Large Death Rate for Cholera.—Chicago, March 28.—The deaths reported from pneumonia and kindred ailments for the week will be about 100, making a slight increase over the week recorded in this city. A careful estimate just made states that nearly 50,000 people in this city are under medical treatment. Every branch of business is crippled by the prevailing sickness. Dr. J. D. Hammond said yesterday: "The recent epidemic of the cholera is but a small part of a cholera so far as the number of people affected is concerned. Every doctor I know is overrun with business."

Attempted Wife Murder.—Canton, O., March 28.—Morgan London, of Louisville, who was divorced from his wife Laura a few weeks ago, made an attempt on her life here yesterday, by shooting through the window of the rest house of J. T. Tumbough, her brother, with whom she was staying. The bullet struck her in the shoulder and she is now in a precarious condition. Mrs. Tumbough, who was knocked down by Mr. Tumbough before he could fire again. He was arrested and jailed.

Chinese Merchant Arrested.—Washington, March 28.—Agent Moore reports to the treasury department the arrest at Ogdenburg, N. Y., of Lee Ping, a Chinese merchant, and Yen Woie, a Chinese student, both from Canada, for smuggling opium into this country. Upon Ping ten pounds of opium was found, and on Woie one pound. At the time of the arrest the men were on a train, having just arrived from Canada.

Swindled Through the Mail.—Zanesville, O., March 28.—Postmaster Richardson yesterday received official notice from the postoffice department at Washington to deliver no mail to J. M. Bain, who has been operating here under various aliases, and is now under bail to answer to the charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes before the United States court. All registered letters are to be considered fraudulent and returned to the senders.

A Cherry Man's Death.—Dublin, March 28.—At Strathgalloway, County Donegal, and insane man made away with a lady in such a manner that a ball was held on the grounds, the man being made to remove him, the man drew a double-barrelled revolver and discharged both chambers of the weapon. A girl, who was one of the guests of the evening, was shot in the back, and is now dying.

Ignorant of Drugs.—Brooklyn, March 28.—Marvin Hendrickson, a young slave man who had been laid off by his employers on account of the slackness of business, died yesterday morning from the effects of an overdose of the tincture of belladonna and cocaine. His mother, who was ignorant of the power of the drugs and did not intend to commit suicide.

Sail on Destroyed.—Tiffin, O., March 28.—The temperance crusader, a blooming devoted into a man, which attacked the saloon of William Miller and in a few minutes reduced it to a wreck, smashing the windows and demolishing the furniture and billiard tables and other furniture, and pouring the entire stock of liquors into the street.

Heavy Fall of Snow.—Cumberland, Md., March 28.—Yesterday saw the heaviest snow fall of the season. It has been falling for the past twenty-four hours and still continues unabated. Thus far nine inches have fallen. Electric light and telephone wires are down all over the city, and travel by railroad is greatly impeded.

Druggists Arrested.—Lynn, Mass., March 28.—A local temperance union yesterday succeeded in having eighteen of the leading druggists of this place arrested for violating their licenses with regard to the sale of liquor. They will be arraigned for a hearing to-morrow.

Red in the River Water.—New-Somerville, O., March 28.—L. H. S. Klamann, a single man from Baltimore, was yesterday arrested at the season sewer pipe work by a patrolman for the use of a revolver and a knife. He was taken to the police house and is now in custody.

Barren Tree.—Barnes, Mo., March 28.—Mrs. Catherine Barnes turned down to her day morning to find a tree completely destroyed her home at Haystack.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

R. G. Dun & Company's Weekly Report.

COMPLETE BUSINESS BAROMETER

Trade is Rather Quiet and Collections Slow—Money is Fair and Increasing Supply—Wants of Business Legitimate—Met—A Good Outlook for Coming Crops.

New York, March 28.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: Trade has been rather quiet and hesitating as is natural at this season, and there is rather more complaint of slow collection, but through out the north-west bad weather and the bad state of country roads supply an explanation. Money is in fair and increasing supply and the short tight at Salt Lake and scarce at Jacksonville, and in stronger demand at Omaha and Milwaukee, is almost everywhere easier, so that wants of legitimate business are met without trouble. The outlook for the coming crops continues a cautiously good.

It has been a week of unhealthy speculation in some products, owing to a separate effort of powerful combinations to force prices on which they can unload without loss. Wheat rose to \$1.10 on Monday, and at \$1.15, is still 2 cents higher than a week ago. Corn has risen 10 cents to 75 cents, while oats at 50 cents are less than 1 cent higher. Pork products advance and coffee and oil a small fraction each, while cotton is a sixteenth lower. The general average of prices reached its highest point this year on Monday, and though now a fraction lower, is still 1 cent above last year. But manufactured products do not share in the advance, except in a few cases.

Rails are firm but very full, and manufacturers products are on the whole weaker. Copper is weaker, and tin steady, with lead a shade higher. Coal agents have officially changed schedules to fit the fact that recent quotations have been fictitious and the new prices are 15 to 25 cents higher than a year ago. Wool is selling steadily 2,000,000 pounds at Boston, and the very large consumption of Australia is a surprise. It seems due in part to the bad conditions of many western flocks, but in part to the fact that the home supply is exhausted. Carpet works at Philadelphia are fairly busy and buying freely, many mills having orders for the season. Dry goods dealers are already placing many full orders, without changes in prices as yet, and agents' stocks of plain soft goods are small, but more wool goods are dull. The boot and shoe trade is not satisfactory, and shipments from Boston are slightly below last year's. A foreign combination, headed by the same operators who failed in trying to put up rubber goods eight years ago, is hustling Paris to get, and the manufacture is forced to consider stoppage of work and purchases as a remedy.

At Boston money is easy and trade dull because of the weather, but large orders for lumber promise active building. The business in cottons and jewelry is quiet. The cloth class is new shade of cedar blue, more decided than that of the present uniform. The contract for furnishing two suits each to the 10,000 letter carriers throughout country at \$15, without hat or cap, has been awarded to Gehm & Company of Baltimore.

To Have a Hearing.—Washington, March 28.—Secretary Foster on Wednesday, April 1, will give a hearing to New York glove importers at the treasury department, and on Saturday, April 4, will give a hearing to importers of hat materials. The former hearing will relate to the valuation placed upon imported gloves, and the latter hearing will be in regard to refunding duties collected on hat materials some years ago, the refunding of which duties had been suspended by Secretary Winlow.

Our War Vessels.—Washington, March 28.—The commander-in-chief of the Asiatic squadron has reported to the navy department under date of March 6, that at the time the Monocacy left Kinkiang on Feb. 26 and arrived at Wuhu, China, on the 27th, the Chinese fleet, consisting of the Alliance was at Yokohama, and the Paos at Tientsin, China, for the winter.

Original Package Decision.—Washington, March 28.—As Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Spaulding has decided that permission cannot be accorded to parties to transport from place to place shipments of imported wines contained in the original stamped packages, which the stamp is not visible, as such permission is the assistant with the obvious intent and purpose of the law requiring stamps to be affixed.

St. Louis Strike Imminent.—St. Louis, Mo., March 28.—A special from Atlanta, Ga., says a big strike is imminent on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. The brakemen and firemen, who think they are being unjustly discriminated against in the matter of wages, say the standard wages throughout the country is two-thirds the rate paid to engineers and conductors, and that is what they ask for.

Yarns Blocked by Snow.—La Jolla, Cal., March 28.—Snow is completely blocking traffic on the line of the Atchafalaya, Yreka and Santa Fe railroads to the east of this place for the past twenty-four hours.

Snow in Pennsylvania.—Harrisburg, Pa., March 28.—From twelve to fifteen inches of snow fell here yesterday. Railroad traffic and telegraph communication have not been interfered with.

MARRIED A MERE CHILD.

Shocking Brutalities Heaped by the Husband on His Baby Bride.

New York, March 28.—A pitiful case of infantile marriage came to light in a Brooklyn police court Thursday. An Italian girl named Francesca Carlucci, 11 years old, was found wandering in the vicinity of a respect park by a policeman Wednesday. She was turned over to the Children's society.

In court, in broken Italian and through an interpreter, her story was heard. Her father has been in this country a year, and her mother is dead. Five months ago he sent for her and she found a stepmother to welcome her. Her father told her, she said, that he had a husband picked out for her, and if she did not like him he would shoot her through the heart. Four months ago she was married to Giovanni Largicci, the son of Pietro Sironi, a member of the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, who was told that she was 10.

Her husband began to abuse her, she asserts, and she threatened to run away. He kicked and clubbed her, and on Tuesday he tied her to a bedpost. Five months ago he sent for her and she found a stepmother to welcome her. Her father told her, she said, that he had a husband picked out for her, and if she did not like him he would shoot her through the heart. Four months ago she was married to Giovanni Largicci, the son of Pietro Sironi, a member of the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, who was told that she was 10.

Storm in the East.—Washington, March 28.—The severe storm which is general throughout the eastern half of the country, originated at Brooks ranch, Utah, Monday morning, according to the reports received by the signal service. From Brooks it proceeded southeast to Waco, Tex., thence northwest to the Louisiana border, striking from that point in a southeasterly direction to Mobile, Ala., and thence to the Gulf of Mexico. It then turned north to Nashville, and the storm spirit, part continuing north and part sweeping across the country eastward to the South Carolina coast.

The side storm from Nashville east has traveled one thousand miles in twenty-four hours. The storm is now in progress. One of these is in Indiana, moving west, and the other is going north from North Carolina. The wind velocity is from twenty to forty miles an hour; rivers in the track of the storm are rising, and everything indicates that the elements are quite as hostile to the people as they were during the great March blizz of 1888, excepting that the cold at that time was intense. The signal service officers think that the weather will clear to-morrow in the east, and they hold forth prospects for a fine Easter in this section of the country.

Meeting of Letter Carriers.—Washington, March 28.—A committee of letter carriers consisting of Charles G. Smith, of Baltimore; W. Evans, Jr., of Philadelphia; James McVey, of New York and W. B. Britton, of Washington has selected four samples, the style of cloth that will be approved by the postoffice department to be used in making the uniforms for the letter carriers. The cloth chosen is a new shade of cedar blue, more decided than that of the present uniform. The contract for furnishing two suits each to the 10,000 letter carriers throughout country at \$15, without hat or cap, has been awarded to Gehm & Company of Baltimore.

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LEGISLATURE.

Proceedings of Both Branches of the General Assembly.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

A Number of Measures Introduced, Some of Which May Become Laws—A Building and Loan Association Bill to Be Smothered—Various Other State News.

COLUMBUS, O., March 28.—Senator Corcoran introduced a bill yesterday morning authorizing the sheriff of Hamilton county to appoint two jailers, one for the office and one for the jail, and one messenger; the auditor or treasurer and clerk each to appoint one janitor and one messenger, and the recorder one janitor. Jailors to be paid not more than \$11.50 per week and the messengers \$10 per week.

Senator Sinton introduced his bill providing a federal form of government for Toledo.

Senator Chen introduced a bill to establish 6 percent as the legal rate of interest on loans secured by mortgage on real estate.

The tender anti-Pinkerton police bill was ordered on the senate calendar for Wednesday.

Corcoran made an unsuccessful attempt to have the judiciary committee relieved from further consideration of his building and loan association bill. It is probable that the bill is to be smothered.

The senate committee on corporations other than municipal referred the House bill to a sub-committee, consisting of Corcoran and Massie, who will draw up amendments to provide that whoever is awarded the contract shall give bond to build the road. There are seven members of the committee, and seven diverse opinions as to the merits of the bill were entertained.

Holliday's bill, prohibiting children under 15 from entering saloons, has been referred to the municipal committee No. 2, and a report will be secured next week if possible.

The house spent the morning in consideration of the whole in consideration of the Garber fee and salary bill, which was finally reported back to the house and ordered printed as amended. It was made a special order for Tuesday morning next.

The house has finally passed a school book bill, and spent an entire day in doing it. The bill in question is No. 1090, by Mr. Pomeroy. Numerous amendments were proposed, but all voted down. Many of the members disapproved of the bill, but were afraid to vote against it. As passed, the bill, which is entitled "A bill to create a state school book board, consisting of the governor, the auditor and the treasurer, to select and purchase books for the schools of Ohio with good and sufficient a good books at the lowest prices at which such books can be furnished," provides, in brief as follows: The governor and the state school commissioner, with four other persons, two to be appointed by the governor and two by the school commissioner, shall constitute the state school book board, the governor to be president and the commissioner secretary.

The committee is to secure within thirty days after the passage of the act, copies of the latest and best editions of the school books in the common branches in use in the public schools in this and other states, with the lowest wholesale price list at which such books are furnished or offered in the market. Within sixty days the board shall meet and establish a maximum schedule of prices at which such books shall be furnished by their respective publishers to boards of education in this state. The publishers shall then be notified of the action of the board and requested to submit a written proposition, stating the lowest prices at which they will furnish their respective publications for a period of five years in such quantities and at such times as may be ordered by boards of education in this state.

At the expiration of ninety days the board shall meet and consider all proposals submitted, and if the board is of the opinion that, from proposals thus received, the public schools of the state can be well and sufficiently supplied with good school books, it shall thereupon and best interest thereof and at reasonable prices, said school book board shall make and enter an order that said proposals be accepted, and such proposals so accepted, after due notice to the publishers making the same, shall constitute a contract with such publishers, and be recorded and preserved as such, the publishers to be bound by this contract for five years, and if he refuse to fill an order, or fills it with books of inferior make or quality, he shall forfeit said order to the state for each failure, to be paid to the credit of the school fund.

A list of the books thus contracted for, with the maximum price to be furnished to each board of education, who are to divide upon the particular books to be used in the schools under its control, and shall purchase the same from the publisher direct and supply the same to pupils at cost price provided that they may contract with local dealers to supply the books at an advance in price sufficient to cover the expense of handling, but not to exceed the maximum price established by the state. No book adopted by a board of education shall be changed within five years after its adoption without the consent of three-fourths of all the members of the board. The four members of the school book board are to receive \$5 per day each for the time actually employed, the commissioner is allowed an additional compensation for his services as provided by the act, and \$100 is appropriated for the purchase of books.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

company, zametone, capital stock \$100,000; the Canton Cutlery company, capital stock \$50,000; the Yellow Springs Cutlery company, capital stock \$10,000; the Chicago Railroad company, capital stock \$10,000; the Women's Relief Corps, Auxiliary to the Grand Lodge, No. 111, G. A. R., Mount Pleasant; the Grand Army of the Republic, Mount Pleasant.

No Longer Stand High.—Canton, O., March 28.—Henry Waters, a prominent farmer of Rootstown, has eloped with young Mrs. Martin Rice, wife of a neighbor. Waters is quite wealthy and took all his money. The parties have always stood high in the community.

GOOD WORK OF A REPORTER.

Discovery of a Conspiracy to Rob Millionaire Robertson's Heirs.

New York, March 28.—The Herald prints a four column story of which the following is the introduction: The Herald has before its readers a full disclosure of an extraordinary mystery that for some months past has baffled the keenest legal and detective minds at this metropolis. Step by step the mystery is laid bare, revealing a gigantic and ingenious conspiracy to defraud, which is on a scale without a parallel in the history of litigation in New York.

Loring A. Robertson, a merchant, who had in thirty years of business life in the "swamp" amassed a fortune variously estimated at from \$5,000,000 to \$15,000,000, died suddenly in Brooklyn in October last. When the heirs applied for letters of administration their petition was blocked by the appearance on the scene of an alleged widow, who was quite a stranger in the family circle.

A bombshell in the case could not have occasioned greater consternation. While there was no evidence of a conspiracy having taken place, the "widow" claimed that a verbal contract and a mutual agreement, which in the case of the New York state law is binding, united them.

Fourth number she bore the name of a woman known to the millionaire merchant, but her name was not in the name of a skeleton in his father-in-law's closet. With splendid skill L. Allen, a reporter, destroys the fabric of the alleged widowhood. Her origin and how she came to be in the "swamp" is a story which he has not brought out from the chest of his mystery. But this mystery is a mere puppet in the hands of these who should know better and who punishment should be greater.

Behind Loring A. Robertson are two members of the bar, who conduct in this case has been of extraordinary ability. The "widow" is a woman of no account, however, will be fully investigated by the bar association, and it is unnecessary to criticize or pre-judge the matter here. Not in the chair of conspiracy comes James W. Lachman, an unworthy son of a revolutionary hero.

Behind the alleged link between the active and visible puppet and the concealed originator of the whole conspiracy, the anonymity of this plot is only temporary. He is known and his name will be coupled with his handling. The responsibility for the whole gigantic scheme to a few millions will be placed upon his shoulders. The Herald has done its part. Let the law undertake the rest.

The History of the Case.—It is stated that it is probable that the case of the Canadian soldier, Edward, will be called for in the United States supreme court as originally intended. This is said to be the result of a conference that recently took place in New York between Sir Charles, the leading counsel for the Canadian government, and a member of the present administration. The only two decisions in the case, it is said, and it is understood that when the representatives of the two governments met, a was clear to an amicable adjustment of the difficulty. The attorney general is not in a position to make any statement in that direction except under a high degree of confidence, and in the meantime he will be prepared for trial under any circumstances a continuance of a week or more will be requested of the court, as the attorney general cannot until then obtain the necessary documents from the Alban court.

Johnston's Carriage.—New York, March 28.—John Johnston, a letter carrier, who supported his three sisters, committed suicide Friday morning by eating his throat with a razor. He was obliged to lay off Saturday last on account of sickness caused in a great part by cigarette smoking, and it is supposed he was temporarily out of his mind when he took his life.

James A. Smith to Wife's Friend.—Washington, Pa., March 28.—An attempt was made by train today night to wreck the only anti-temperance train on the Delaware, Lancaster and Western by placing upon the train a barrel of dynamite. The train was stopped by a carman, who was a subject of the Pennsylvania legislature, and the dynamite was found to be a hoax.

Rev. Holland Arrested.—Pittsburgh, March 28.—Rev. J. W. Holland, M.D., D.D., pastor of the Belvedere Presbyterian church, this city, has notified the trustees of the Western university that he will accept the office of chancellor of the university, to which he was recently unanimously elected by the trustees of that institution. Dr. Holland will assume the duties of his new position just as soon as he can sever his connection with his present charge. Dr. Holland is widely known as a minister, a teacher, and as a scientist, and is an authority on entomology, being a member of entomological societies of London and Paris. Just at present Dr. Holland is protracted with the g.p.

Washington, March 28.—First Assistant Postmaster General Whitfield, who has been in the south for the past six weeks on account of ill health, is expected to return to the department next week.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.—Pittsburgh, March 28.—A boiler explosion at Williams brick yard, near Leeward yesterday almost instantly killed John Jones, foreman. The furnace door was hurled against him, knocking him a distance of thirty feet, crushing him in his skull.

The Weather.—Rain or snow; warmer by Saturday night; variable winds.

THE MARKETS.

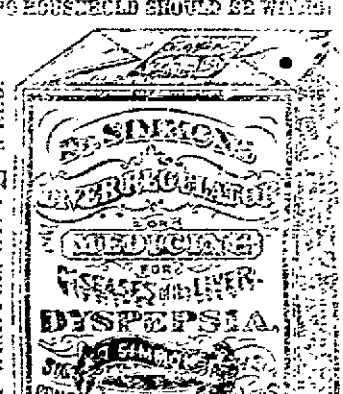
Review of the Grain and Cattle Markets for March 27.

WHEAT—\$1.00/1.05. CORN—75¢/76¢. OATS—50¢/51¢. BARLEY—40¢/41¢. RYE—60¢/61¢. SUGAR—10¢/11¢. COFFEE—15¢/16¢. TEA—20¢/21¢. CLOTH—30¢/31¢. CATTLE—Good to choice butchers and heavy shipping, \$1.50/1.60; fair to medium, \$1.40/1.50; common, \$1.30/1.40. HOGS—Selected butchers and heavy shipping, \$1.70/1.80; fair to good mixed, \$1.40/1.50; common to rough, \$1.30/1.40; fair to good light, \$1.50/1.60; pigs, \$1.50/1.60. LAMBS—Yearlings, \$1.50/1.60; market slow.

PETROLEUM—\$1.00/1.05. GASOLINE—80¢/85¢. BUTTER—20¢/21¢. EGGS—15¢/16¢. CHICKENS—10¢/11¢. TURKEYS—15¢/16¢. DUCKS—10¢/11¢. GOOSE—10¢/11¢. CORN MEAL—5¢/6¢. RICE—10¢/11¢. SALT—5¢/6¢. SOAP—10¢/11¢. CANDLES—10¢/11¢. TOBACCO—10¢/11¢. SPICES—10¢/11¢. FLOUR—10¢/11¢. SUGAR—10¢/11¢. COFFEE—15¢/16¢. TEA—20¢/21¢. CLOTH—30¢/31¢. CATTLE—Good to choice butchers and heavy shipping, \$1.50/1.60; fair to medium, \$1.40/1.50; common, \$1.30/1.40. HOGS—Selected butchers and heavy shipping, \$1.70/1.80; fair to good mixed, \$1.40/1.50; common to rough, \$1.30/1.40; fair to good light, \$1.50/1.60; pigs, \$1.50/1.60. LAMBS—Yearlings, \$1.50/1.60; market slow.

What Is Coste.—Most be carefully considered by the great majority of people, in buying even necessities of life. Hood's Sarsaparilla commands itself with special force to the great middle classes, because it combines positive economy with great medicinal power. It is the only medicine of which can truly be said "100 Does One Dollar," and a bottle taken according to directions will average to last a month.

POSSIBLE SHOULD BE WITNESSED



RESTLESSNESS
A STRICTLY VEGETABLE
SOLUTION FOR THE
J. B. ZIMMER & CO.
DISSOLVED
J. B. ZIMMER & CO.
PHILADELPHIA

JUST ARRIVED ANOTHER NEW LINE OF CARPETS Fancy China Matting.

Something entirely new! The stock is now complete. Patterns and Colors are beautiful. Prices are within the reach of everybody to make their homes nice and attractive.

Geneva Point, Tambour, Turcoman, Silk and Nottingham Lace Curtains: Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Stair and Vestibule Rods. Newest Novelties out at uniform low prices.

D. YAKE.

COAL! AT LOW PRICES L.B. GURLEY'S. OFFICE, SOUTH OF TALK. TELEPHONE, NO. 87.



FAIRLEY & DAVIDSON, PHOTOGRAPHERS
First-class work at lowest possible prices.
1221 1/2 South Main Street, East Side

GET THE BEST
Hard or Soft

COAL Linsley & Lawrence West Street, Between Railroad

FOR RENT—A good house of seven rooms, good well, eastern and all conveniences. Enquire of Mrs. E. S. Bull, 222 South East street. Also furnished rooms for rent. 1001

FOR RENT—Dwelling house on north side of East street. Will also have a second house for rent April 1st. Enquire of James Malley. 1001

FOR RENT—April 1st, two fine rooms fronting on Main street above Evans' store, and several rooms in new Memorial block fronting on Center and East streets. Enquire at People's store. 1001

FOR RENT—The rooms in the Keller portion of the Commercial block, third floor. Call on J. L. Elliott, Marion, O. 1001

FOR RENT—Rooms in the Union block, suitable for small families. Water convenient. Call on Wm. Gracely at Union grocery. 1001

FOR RENT—Farm of 80 acres, good house and barn; one mile north of Central Marion School building in Marion, Ohio. 1001

FOR RENT—House of 7 rooms, barn and all outside conveniences. Enquire of H. C. Simpkins. 1001

FOR SALE—My residence, No. 625 North East street, splendid location, best water, good barn, good neighborhood, very convenient. Call on O. A. Binsard at the silk factory. 1001

FOR SALE—Good family dwelling, also yearling colt. Call on or address J. L. Elliott at office of Elliott, Blanch & Co., Marion, O. 1001

FOR SALE—A team of good young mules. Enquire of Clark Dins. 1001

WANTED—Horses and cows to pasture through the summer. Responsible parties only need apply. Terms payable in advance. Enquire at residence on south West street, of Fred W. Peters. 1001

FOR RENT—Five first-class rooms up stairs. Water and waste pipe conveniences. Enquire of Mrs. Grimm, south Main street, or Mrs. Fogelson, at postoffice. 1001

FOR RENT—The rooms over H. Aker's meat's little store, all nicely arranged, water up stairs, splendid location for office and residence. Call at Aker's store. 1001

FOR SALE—Cheap if sold soon, east Center street house and lot. House 10x12, 2 1/2 stories, five closets, paint, etc. Lot 6x12, 2 1/2 ft. good well and eastern, choice fruit, apples, cherries, grapes, peaches, etc. Fine location, two doors east of new Methodist church. Apply to John F. Carter, Akron, O., or Mrs. John F. Carter at home, 1001

TO LET—Two choice places in Belmont building. C. C. Leach. 1001

WORKING FOR 15 MONTHS—An employer working for 15 months, an employer who can furnish a house and give them while time to the business. Spare men may be probably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. Johnson & Co. 1001

TO LET—Two choice places in Belmont building. C. C. Leach. 1001

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BETTER THAN A READING.

Let a good Mrs. Hale pleasantly surprised on Friday afternoon.

The postman brought a card to the Free Baptist parsonage. Friday morning enjoining the following:

My dear Mrs. Hale:—Please be at home Friday, the 27th, at 2:30 p.m., and oblige. A Friend.

The communication was anonymous, and the hand writing so disguised that the pastor could not locate it, and of course made up his mind that it could be nothing else but a wedding, and so patiently waited developments.

Just at the hour named an alarm at the door announced the arrival, not of a timid bride and groom, but a large number of the ladies of Rev. Hale's congregation who had planned the surprise and carried it out to the letter.

The visitors remained all the afternoon and left with the family many tokens of esteem and friendship. It was a very pleasant surprise for the pastor and his family.

The pastor and his wife desire to hereby express their sincere thanks to those present, for both the pleasant call and the valuable gifts.

"Struck Gas."

The funniest play ever written will be presented at Music Hall on Wednesday April 1st, and for laughter and pure wholesome and refined comedy "Struck Gas" stands eminent and alone in its entirety, abounding in plenty of new songs, dances, music and witty saying. "Struck Gas" will surely please the most fastidious, and those who are lovers of farce comedy and fun, should not fail to see this funny play. You will laugh forever, and "Struck Gas" should not fail to draw a large and delighted audience of fun lovers. Sew on your buttons and see "Struck Gas."

East Street Baptist Church.

Services Sunday—Easter: Theme—"The Resurrection Morning." Text, Mat. 28:36—"He is not here, for he is risen as he said. Come and see the place where the Lord lay." After sermon an essay will be read by a member of the congregation, on the "Resurrection of Christ."

Evening theme—"The General Resurrection, and General Judgment." 2:30 p.m., young men's gospel meeting. All cordially invited.

Partnership Dissolved.

The partnership heretofore existing between Wm. Weber and Charles Seckel, doing business in Calabonia under the firm name of Weber & Seckel has been dissolved, notice of which is hereby given. Wm. Weber continues the business.

Wm. Weber, Charles Seckel, Calabonia, O., March 14, 1901.

Especially For Your Appetite.

Fancy Florida oranges. California river-side oranges. Florida grape fruit.

New Florida cabbage. New Havana onions. Genuine Jersey sweet potatoes. Extra fine Jumbo bananas.

108-12 Moore & Debnick.

Tourists.

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50¢ and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

Street Commissioner.

The undersigned wishes to announce to the voters of Marion that he will be a candidate for the re-nomination to the office of street commissioner, before the democratic city convention.

C. L. SHERMAN.

Cool Coat Coat.

Harland and son, at our East street Produce and Feed store, and Central Coal office, opposite Hotel Marion. 1001

Wanted.

Two unfurnished connecting rooms, without board, in private family. Address A. Y. Z., Marion, stating terms and location. 1001

One hundred sample boxes of Carter's writing fluids have been distributed about the city by C. G. Wiant, who handles the goods here. Carter's inks are taking a strong lead all over the world, and they need but a trial to win lasting customers.

Though a little late it may be interesting news to many to hear of the marriage of Mrs. Ida Guerin, nee Billeman, to Mr. Jones, superintendent of the Union Iron works, at Portland, Oregon.

The friends of Prof. and Mrs. Lewis Rance, will regret to learn of the death at Prospect Wednesday of their three-year-old son, after an illness of three weeks.

John Weiss and daughter, Clara, returned home Friday from the vicinity of Newark, Ohio, where he had gone to try to get well, and died at the age of 14 years.

I. B. Carlisle, the grocer, will spend Sunday with his family in Crestline. Mr. Carlisle expects to remove his family to Marion soon.

A case of cholera has been reported at Marion, officers are existing on the street.

Mrs. Bessie Ellis, of Prospect, is the guest of a friend in the city, to remain a week.

While on his way to the Western Union office by 12:15 with an attack of zep.

Another case of cholera, stationery was received at D. M. Odaffer & Co's.

"THE GREAT REPUBLIC" DRESS SILKS Have no Equal.

The manufacturers prices, at which we have been selling a large lot of the above brand of silks, will continue until the silks are closed out.

A very fortunate purchase enables us to give our customers the greatest values ever shown in Marion in Dress Silks. There are six qualities. They start at 75 cents. A written guarantee given with every Dress Pattern.

Warner & Edwards.

Free Baptist Church.

Sabbath, March 29:
Sunday school at 9:30 a.m.
Preaching by the pastor at 11 a.m., subject, "The Resurrected Life." Text—Rom. 6:11. At the close of the sermon all persons recently baptized and all persons who have made application for membership by letter or relation, will be publicly received into full fellowship, after which communion will be administered.

The evening services will be held in the basement and will consist of a voluntary Bible reading on the "Resurrection," in which each one will select his own text, and all will have the privilege to speak or ask questions on the topic. This meeting will be preceded by a short prayer meeting in the study by the converts, led by the pastor.

Best roller flour, per sack, \$1.25
Best rolled oats, 6 lb. for, 25
Best oat meal 6 lb. for, 25
California Lima beans, 3 lb. for, 20
New York marrow fat beans 1 lb. for, 25
New York navy beans, 5 lb. for, 25
Flour hominy, 3 lb. for, 10
Best butter crackers, per lb., 7 1/2
Best oyster crackers per lb., 7 1/2
Best milk crackers, 3 lb. for, 25
3 lb. apple butter for, 25
Cal. evaporated peaches per 2, 20
New England currants, 4 lb. for, 25
New L. M. raisins, 3 lb. for, 25
Best carbon oil per gallon, 12

I. B. CARLISLE,
115 S. Main Street.
The only strictly cash grocery in Marion. 108-12 w.k.2t

It's an old saying

That when a newspaper springs into life, "it has come to supply a long felt want" and the saying will apply to the new "Buckeye" interchangeably 1000 mile tickets, recently placed on sale by the Columbus, Hooking Valley and Toledo railway. They are sold at the low rate of \$20, and are good over twelve different railroads. Commercial men and others will find them very convenient. For further particulars write or call upon W. H. Fisher, general passenger agent, Columbus, Ohio.

Take Notice!

All persons indebted to Marion Cemetery for lot work, etc., are requested to call and settle before April 1st. You can pay Mr. Wilson at cemetery or at H. C. Holberman & Co's drug store. These small bills must be paid or there will be no more work done on such lots until these bills are settled. 92-11

Notice:

You can get my make of bologna, wieners, knockers, headcheese, pudding, etc. at Gracely & Manz's Union block, Harriman's grocery, east Center street; Murphy's grocery, West End. 107-11 JACOB G. DIEMER.

Laughter is King!

Prices—25, 35 and 50. Seats on sale at Tristram & Young's.

A PERMANENT SUCCESS

Must have positive merit. Then try a pair of

STOLL'S SOLID SERVICEABLE SHOES.

—AT—

J. H. STOLL'S,

South Main St., sign of Big Red Boot.

MY business year ends March 31st, and it is of the Highest Importance that All Persons indebted to me Should Settle before that time, so that I may know whether to continue in business or go elsewhere. This Notice is For All who owe me and not for another fellow. I shall esteem it a favor if any person has an account against me to present it at once.

S. E. D'WOLFE.

LIME!

Prendergast has secured the exclusive sale of the Norris & Christian Lime and Stone Co. and John Evan's lime for the retail trade in Marion. O. Send your orders to them and they will have prompt attention.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

347 FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and a great be substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50¢ and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

347 FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

PAUL GETTUM'S Merchant Tailoring ESTABLISHMENT WILL OPEN on APRIL 2D.

TO THE PUBLIC:

The undersigned has rented the room in the Old Fellow block, adjoining the Deposit Bank, and will open a new Merchant Tailoring establishment therein on April 2d. An entire new stock of goods, embracing all the desirable things in both Domestic and Imported weaves, has been purchased. With a first-class stock and ample experience in fashionable cutting I solicit a share of the Marion trade, promising prices as reasonable as they can be made. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases or no sale.

ODD FELLOWS' BLOCK, MARION. PAUL GETTUM.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

WALL PAPER

—AND—

W. A. Sellers & Co.,
Union block, south Main street, is the place to buy if you want a good paper cheap. Room mouldings, window shades and curtain poles.

MRS. E. CASTNER,

SPRING MILLINERY

In all new styles. Come and look and get our prices before buying.

Cunningham & Stowe,

226 East Center Street,

Sanitary Plumbers,

Steam and Gas Fitting.

GAS FIXTURES!

Lorain Hydrants

and

Street Washes!

CONSTRUCTED OF

Brass and Galvanized Iron

Pipe,

Guaranteed Against Frost.

CUNNINGHAM

& STOWE,

226 EAST CENTER STREET.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE STAR

FOR SALE!

A fine residence on south East street, formerly owned by John Diebold. Nicely finished, splendid lot. If you want a bargain see us now.

Lots on east side Reed avenue, "Mt. Vernon Heights," for \$200 each. Easy payments.

Two lots at \$400 each on Canal, near Orchard street.

Four lots at \$325 cash each, and one at \$350, all within three squares of postoffice.

Business lots on west Center street at \$40 per foot front.

Three lots on Olney avenue at \$400 each, and one at \$350.

Wm. Hill's property, north Main street: 10 rooms nice condition, cellar, granary, barn. 3 1/2 lots: two on north Main street, 1 1/2 on West street. Will trade for farm of 50 acres.

New house of 7 rooms: lot 30x170 feet on east Center street, near Mouser's grocery, for \$1500 and easy payments.

Three lots near Malleable Iron Works—\$700 for all.

One lot on Gospel Hill, south of Judge Norris, 30x170, for \$2000.

Three lots on the Hill, on West street, 72x165, \$1000 each. House and lot \$2750.

CHASE & HUNTER.

New Spring Gloves!

On Saturday we will have a special sale of Kid and Calf leather gloves, and a special sale of our own brand of New Spring Kid and Calf gloves, for men, for women, for children, and for infants. The gloves are made of the best leather, and are of the latest design. They are of the highest quality, and are of the most durable material. They are of the most comfortable fit, and are of the most attractive appearance. They are of the most reasonable price, and are of the most reliable make. They are of the most perfect workmanship, and are of the most superior quality. They are of the most excellent material, and are of the most perfect fit. They are of the most comfortable use, and are of the most attractive appearance. They are of the most reasonable price, and are of the most reliable make. They are of the most perfect workmanship, and are of the most superior quality. They are of the most excellent material, and are of the most perfect fit. 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FAMED AS PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING PRACTITIONERS OF THE HEALING ART.

Dr. Barker's Power of Diagnosis—Dr. Sayre's Plaster Jacket—Dr. Shady's Editorial Labor—Dr. Weir's Reputation as a Surgeon—A Capable Female Doctor.

Dr. Fordyce Barker is one of those men for whom the mysteries of disease have an irresistible fascination. To his analytical mind the problems presented by his cases arrange themselves, to use the expressive French phrase, until their study becomes an absorbing passion. He is chiefly remarkable for his great power of diagnosis, and this is the outcome of the intense analysis to which he subjects the questions which present themselves and the symp-



DR. FORDYCE BARKER.

ptoms observed. It has been said of Dr. Barker that he examines a case as a judge examines a criminal, and that he applies the laws of evidence to his patient's ailments.

In addition to the enormous private and consulting practice which Dr. Barker enjoys, he is consulting physician to Bellevue, the Maternity, the Cancer, the Woman's, St. Elizabeth and the Children's hospitals. One would imagine that the duties connected with these would be more than enough to fill one man's life. But Dr. Barker has found time to take the greatest interest in the County Medical Society, of which he was president for several years. It was largely owing to his exertions that the beautiful home of the society was successfully built in West Forty-third street. To this work Dr. Barker gave money, and that time and energy that are worth more than cash. The building, one of the finest in New York, is a monument to his exertions for his fellows, and with it Dr. Barker's name will long be associated.

Dr. Barker is one of the handsomest men in New York, and his manners are charming, with that charm which is seen in those we call gentlemen of the old school.



DR. LEWIS A. SAYRE.

Dr. Lewis A. Sayre, the inventor of the plaster jacket, is a large man, with an immensely strong face. Dr. Sayre turned his attention early in life to the diseases of the spine, and sought in many methods to discover some one by which he might successfully treat the curvatures. Every physician now knows of his great treatment and not a few apply it. But when Dr. Sayre first proposed it there was the usual tone series of objections and the common list of reasons why it would not and never could work.

Briefly described, the treatment for diseases of the spine which Dr. Sayre invented, and which has made his name famous throughout the medical world, is this: By a system of levers and pulleys the patient is suspended by the arms and head until the weight of the legs stretches the back to the "point of comfort." To hold the extension thus gained Dr. Sayre applied the plaster of Paris bandage wound round until it formed a jacket stiff enough to support the back. As soon as the spine had taken the new shape the operation was repeated, until in the end a cure was made.



DR. GEORGE F. SHADY.

Dr. Sayre was the first American surgeon to perform the exceedingly difficult operation for the hip joint disease, or "morbus coxae," to use the scientific name. He repeated the operation before the International Medical Convention held in Philadelphia in 1876. His record as a surgeon, skillful and daring, is equal to that of any American now living. He has been surgeon to Bellevue hospital and the Charity Hospital, and in the Bellevue Medical school professor of orthopedic surgery and fractures and incisions and of clinical surgery. Foreign medical societies have honored Dr. Sayre in many ways, and his name is as well known abroad as in America.

Personally Dr. Sayre has a shrewd and

nausea win, which is somewhat denuded by those with whom he engages in conversation, and it is not too much to say that he will fight at the drop of a hat.

Not a very tall man, and portly in a comfortable way, with gray mustache and imperial, eyes that are full of fun and a manner that charms, Dr. George F. Shady is a pleasant man to see and talk to as you can meet. He is peculiarly receptive in conversation, he advances any opinion as though to draw one from you and he will listen to what you may suggest with a deference that is delightful—for you. But if you should suppose that this courtesy implies a weak yielding to your views, you would find yourself gravely mistaken. Dr. Shady has views of his own which have been thought out carefully, and his desire to listen to what you have to say comes from his insatiable appetite for new facts.

A deeply scientific man, a bold and skillful surgeon and a physician who has an enormous consulting and private practice in addition to control of a hospital, one would imagine Dr. Shady to have enough to keep him busy. His industry, however, finds time to edit The Medical Record, one of the leading journals of medicine and surgery in the United States. It is as editor of The Record that Dr. Shady has rendered his greatest service to the physicians of the country. He has stimulated them to fresh research, he has advised them with a wise conservatism when they have been in danger of running a new remedy into the ground, and he has given them constantly new subjects for thought. During the many years that he has controlled the utterances of the paper he has steadily held before the eyes of its readers the best thoughts and best aims of the polite profession to which they belong. The influence of such a man is far-reaching, and the good he may do is incalculable. Dr. Shady is known by name and work to thousands and is respected everywhere. In Europe and England his opinions are valued highly, and he holds the position of one of the foremost surgeons on the continent.

Of the great surgeons in New York Dr. Robert S. Weir is one of the best known. As attending surgeon of the New York hospital, consulting surgeon of St. Luke's,

of the Eye and Ear Infirmary and of the Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, he has abundant opportunity to secure those cases in which his great skill is so advantageously shown. An operation by Dr. Weir will bring out an audience comprised of the best men in the city. His style in operating is most brilliant, and his is unusually successful.

Dr. Weir is consulting physician of the New York Infirmary, and he has an enormous private practice. He is a man of wonderfully gentle manner, and he has a look of extreme ability on his clever face.

Ranking easily among the great physicians of New York, Dr. Mary A. Putnam-Jacobi is an example of what a woman may do if she has the brains and the perseverance. Dr. Jacobi took her degree in Paris in 1871, and began practice in New York at a time when there was far more prejudice against women as physicians than there is today. Not in the least discouraged, Dr. Mary Putnam worked on until her ability and genius forced the Country Medical Society to admit her as a member. From this point the work was easy. She was elected a member of the Academy of Medicine, the Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans of Medical Men, of the Pathological Society, and of the Neurological Society. Her triumph was complete.

Dr. Putnam-Jacobi is a consulting physician of the New York Infirmary, and she has a practice which taxes her strength to the utmost. She is the wife of Dr. Abraham Jacobi, and it will interest women to know that she is one of the best housekeepers in New York. She is a profound scientist, a clever diagnostician and a most successful practitioner.

The list of the prominent physicians of the city would not be complete without the name of Dr. T. Gaillard Thomas. Dr. Thomas has won fortune and, what is far more to him, fame as a gynecologist. In his specialty he stands among the first three in America, and New Yorkers like to think that in that little group his name leads. Dr. Thomas has such an enormous practice in his own line that he has but little time for general work, and attends none but those who are old friends. The treatment which Dr. Thomas has originated for some diseases has been followed by all physicians, and is today considered the best known.

ALFRED BALCH.



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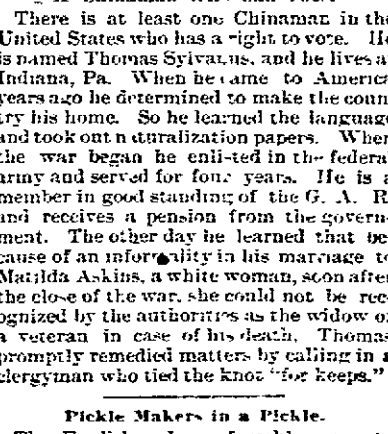
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A Chinaman Who Can Vote.

There is at least one Chinaman in the United States who has a right to vote. He is named Thomas Sylvanus, and he lives at Indiana, Pa. When he came to America years ago he determined to make the country his home. So he learned the language and took out a naturalization papers. When the war began he enlisted in the federal army and served for four years. He is a member in good standing of the G. A. R. and receives a pension from the government. The other day he learned that because of an infirmity in his marriage to Matilda Askins, a white woman, soon after the close of the war, she could not be recognized by the authorities as the widow of a veteran in case of his death. Thomas promptly remedied matters by calling in a clergyman who tied the knot "for keeps."



DR. GEORGE F. SHADY.

Dr. Sayre was the first American surgeon to perform the exceedingly difficult operation for the hip joint disease, or "morbus coxae," to use the scientific name. He repeated the operation before the International Medical Convention held in Philadelphia in 1876. His record as a surgeon, skillful and daring, is equal to that of any American now living. He has been surgeon to Bellevue hospital and the Charity Hospital, and in the Bellevue Medical school professor of orthopedic surgery and fractures and incisions and of clinical surgery. Foreign medical societies have honored Dr. Sayre in many ways, and his name is as well known abroad as in America.

Personally Dr. Sayre has a shrewd and

HE HAD A STORMY LIFE.

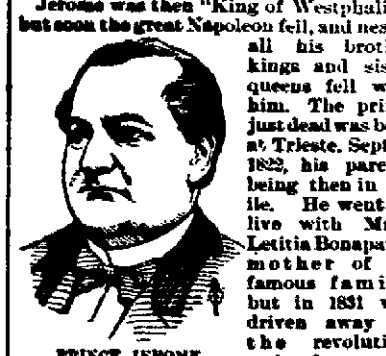
The Rather Unfortunate Career of the Late Prince Jerome.

Prince Napoleon Joseph Charles Patrice Bonaparte is dead. To the Imperialists of France he was of importance as the direct heir of the great emperor. His father, Jerome, married the once famous Betty Patterson, of Baltimore; then, at the command of his imperial and imperious brother, repudiated her and married the Princess Frederica Catherine of Wurtemberg.

Jerome was then "King of Westphalia," but soon the great Napoleon fell, and nearly all his brother kings and sister queens fell with him. The prince just dead was born at Trieste, Sept. 9, 1822, his parents being then in exile. He went to live with Mme. Letitia Bonaparte, mother of the famous family, but in 1837 was driven away by the revolution, and after many chances completed his education at Geneva. His uncle, the king of Wurtemberg, secured him a military education, and after some years of travel he was permitted to settle in Rome, where he became a member of the assembly, and after the flight of Louis Philippe rose at once to prominence.

Under Napoleon III he gained little honor, and in the Crimean war was accused of cowardice. The nickname of Pion-Pion (afraid of bullets) was then fixed on him for life. His greatest success was as president of the imperial commission of the Universal exposition of 1853. In 1856 he married the Princess Clotilde, daughter of King Victor Emmanuel. In the succeeding discussions in France he took radical democratic ground, and was long in disgrace for refusing to accept a challenge from the Duc d'Angoulême, whom he had insulted.

In 1861 he visited the United States, and was received with high honors. A little later he took ground against the temporal power of the pope, and thus gained the ill will of the Empress Eugenie. In 1872 he was forcibly expelled from Paris as an enemy of the republic. After the death of Louis Napoleon and his son, Prince Napoleon, was next in the succession, but the Imperialists wanted to pass him by and take his son Victor as the claimant. To their disgust he issued a manifesto in January, 1873, claiming the imperial crown. As he had, in 1876, accepted the republic, and declared he would do nothing against it, he and his son were driven from France in 1878 for the last time. He died at Rome and was buried at Turin, and now his son, Prince Victor, born July 18, 1862, is "Head of the Bonapartes."



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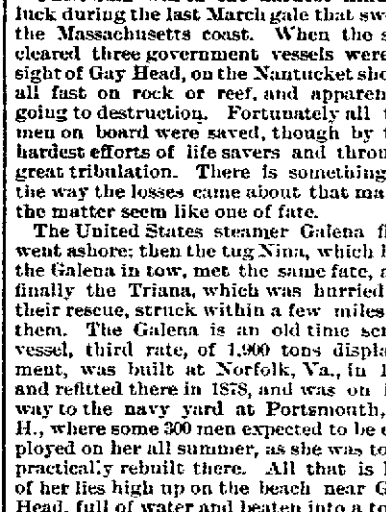
WRECKED IN A GALE.

The Fate of a War Vessel and Two Government Tugs.

Uncle Sam was in the hardest kind of luck during the last March gale that swept the Massachusetts coast. When the sky cleared three government vessels were in sight of Gay Head, on the Nantucket shore, all fast on rock or reef, and apparently going to destruction. Fortunately all the men on board were saved, though by the hardest efforts of life savers and through great tribulation. There is something in the way the losses came about that makes the matter seem like one of fate.

The United States steamer Galena first went ashore; then the tug Nina, which had the Galena in tow, met the same fate, and finally the Triana, which was hurried to their rescue, struck within a few miles of them. The Galena is an old time screw vessel, third rate, of 1,900 tons displacement, was built at Norfolk, Va., in 1871 and refitted there in 1879, and was on her way to the navy yard at Portsmouth, N. H., where some 300 men expected to be employed on her all summer, as she was to be practically rebuilt there. All that is left of her lies high up on the beach near Gay Head, full of water and beaten into a total wreck. The stern tug Nina's remains lie still farther up the beach, so high that persons could walk aboard at low water, and not so badly damaged but that her hull may be saved.

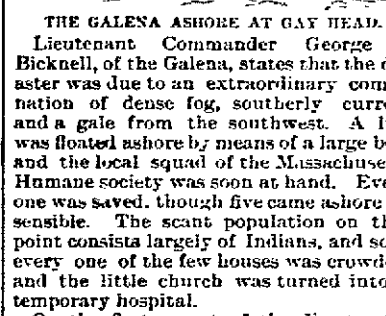
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THE GALENA ASHORE AT GAY HEAD.

Lieutenant Commander George A. Bicknell, of the Galena, states that the disaster was due to an extraordinary combination of dense fog, southerly current and a gale from the southwest. A line was floated ashore by means of a large buoy, and the local squad of the Massachusetts Humane society was soon at hand. Every one was saved, though five came ashore insensible. The scant population on that point consists largely of Indians, and every one of the few houses was crowded, and the little church was turned into a temporary hospital.

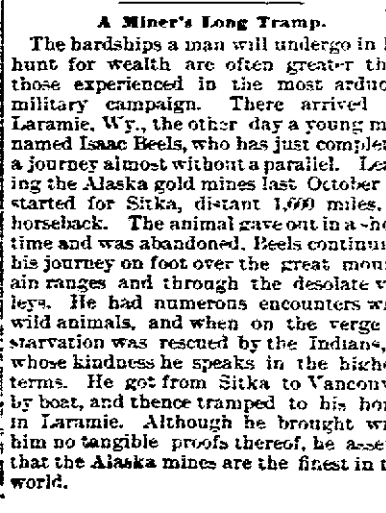
On the first report of the disaster the Triana was started from Newport to the rescue, with Lieutenant Commander Henry W. Lyon and twenty-three officers and men. Although the sky was by that time clear, because she got off her course by force running the twenty-seven miles, and struck on Schooner ledge, near Gay Head. There she pounded, as the survivors express it, "till her bottom was completely broken up." She is, or rather was, a schooner rigged iron screw vessel of 300 tons, with a horse power of 340. The net result is that the United States is the loser of the very valuable Galena and two smaller vessels.



THE GALENA ASHORE AT GAY HEAD.

A Miner's Long Trip.

The hardships a man will undergo in his hunt for wealth are often greater than those experienced in the most arduous military campaign. There arrived at Laraine, Wyo., the other day a young man named Isaac Beels, who has just completed a journey almost without a parallel. Leaving the Alaska gold mines last October he started for Sitka, a distant 1,000 miles, on horseback. The animal gave out in a short time and was abandoned. Beels continuing his journey on foot over the great mountain ranges and through the desolate valleys. He had numerous encounters with wild animals, and on the verge of starvation was rescued by the Indians, of whose kindness he speaks in the highest terms. He got from Sitka to Vancouver by boat, and thence straggled to his home in Laraine. Although he brought with him no tangible proofs thereof, he asserts that the Alaska mines are the finest in the world.



ISAAC BEELS.

POINTS ON DUCK SHOOTING.

A Few Hints of Value Regarding a Popular Spring Sport.

Western sportsmen claim that their canvas-back ducks are more delicate and better flavored than those of the Chesapeake, and many Long Island professionals who have

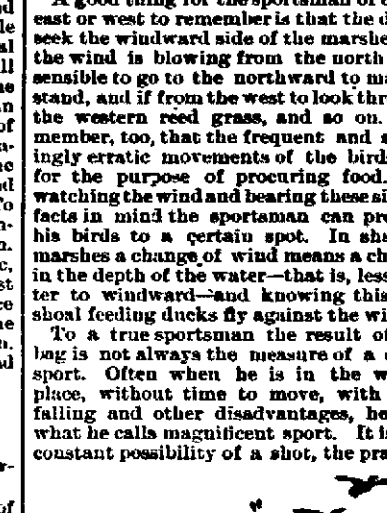


WATCHING FOR THE BIRDS.

followed the birds admit the claim. The birds are thin and poor when they first appear in the inland lakes, but they find the same food as in the eastern marshes, and soon attain excellent condition and are free from the sedgey flavor of birds killed on the salt water. Canvas-backs are the last to appear in the west. They are preceded in order as they are named, by the blue winged teal, the mallards and wigglons. The old controversy over the classing of the canvas-back is still going on. Naturalists class him among sea ducks, but the western sportsmen are touchy on the point and claim him as a fresh water bird. They have some strong support in the statistics, which show that thousands are shot in the west every year.

A good thing for the sportsman of either east or west to remember is that the ducks seek the windward side of the marshes. If the wind is blowing from the north it is sensible to go to the northward to make a stand, and if from the west to look through the western reed grass, and so on. Remember, too, that the frequent and seemingly erratic movements of the birds are for the purpose of procuring food. By watching the wind and bearing these simple facts in mind the sportsman can precede his birds to a certain spot. In shallow marshes a change of wind means a change in the depth of the water—that is, less water to windward—and knowing this the shoal feeding ducks fly against the wind.

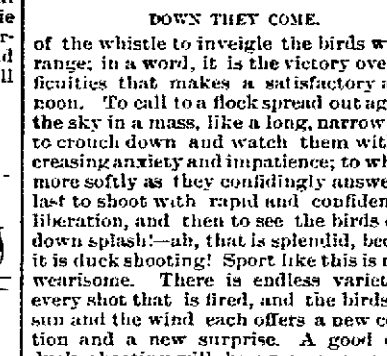
To a true sportsman the result of the log is not always the measure of a day's sport. Often when he is in the wrong place, without time to move, with rain falling and other disadvantages, he has what he calls magnificent sport. It is the constant possibility of a shot, the practice



DOWN THEY COME.

of the whistle to inveigle the birds within range; in a word, it is the victory over difficulties that makes a satisfactory day's sport. To call to a duck spread out against the sky in a mass, like a long, narrow kite; to crouch down and watch them with increasing anxiety and impatience; to whistle more softly as they confidently answer; at last to shoot with rapid and confident deliberation, and then to see the birds come down splash—ah, that is splendid, because it is sports shooting! Sport like this is never wearisome. There is endless variety in every shot that is fired, and the birds, the sun and the wind each offers a new condition and a new surprise. A good day's duck shooting will be a memory never to be forgotten, even after the arms can no longer carry the faithful rifle and the ears no longer attend to the whirr "whirr" of the approaching birds.

WILLIAM STEELL.

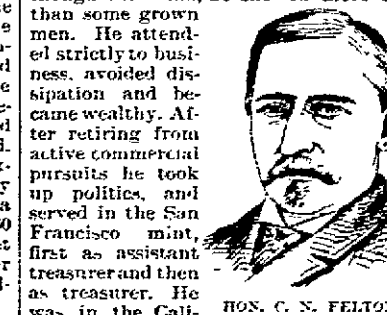


WILLIAM STEELL.

The New Senator from California.

Charles N. Felton, who has been chosen to succeed the late Mr. Hearst as United States senator from California, is a Republican and a native of Erie county, New York. Born in 1822, he early developed an adventurous spirit, and joined in the famous rush of '49 to the gold fields. Although but of 49, he showed more sense than some of the younger men. He attended strictly to business, avoided dissipation and became wealthy. After retiring from active commercial pursuits he took up politics, and served in the San Francisco mint, first as assistant treasurer and then as treasurer. He was in the California legislature for two terms, and then went to Congress as Republican representative from the Fifth district. He was a member of the lower house from Dec. 7, 1885, to March 3, 1889.

Mr. Felton is an advocate of gold metallism. During the present year Florida and Maryland are to elect United States senators—in each instance presumably a Democrat. So the next senate will be composed of forty-seven Republicans, thirty-eight Democrats and three Farmers Alliance men.



HON. C. N. FELTON.

Queer Changes of Hair and Beard.

It is asserted by a colonial scientist that "Englishmen when they settle in Australia get a peculiar roughness about the hair and beard that they rarely have at home, but which is typical of the Australian aboriginal." Among the causes suggested for this change of climate, a burning sun and unconscious assimilation of aboriginal characteristics.

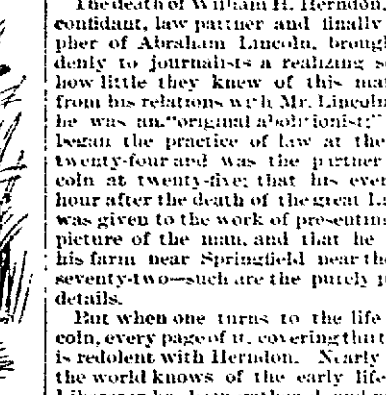
WAS LINCOLN'S FRIEND.

W. H. HERNDON'S INTIMACY WITH THE GREAT PRESIDENT.

The Two Were Law Partners for Over a Score of Years, and "Never Passed a Word"—Close of Herndon's Long and Unostentatious Life.

The death of William H. Herndon, friend, confidant, law partner and finally biographer of Abraham Lincoln, brought suddenly to journalists a realizing sense of how little they knew of this man aside from his relations with Mr. Lincoln. That he was an "original abolitionist" that he began the practice of law at the age of twenty-four and was the partner of Lincoln at twenty-five; that his every spare hour after the death of the great laborer was given to the work of presenting a true picture of the man, and that he died at his farm near Springfield, near the age of seventy-two—such are the purely personal details.

But when one turns to the life of Lincoln, every page of it, covering thirty years, is redolent with Herndon. Nearly all that the world knows of the early life of the laborer has been gathered and promulgated by his adorer, devoted and diligent friend. From the very start their relations were far more intimate than those of partners usually are. Herndon was the only man to whom Lincoln unreservedly revealed his inner affairs of the heart and his later troubles growing out of the affections, and it is no small compliment to



WILLIAM HENRY HERNDON.

the biographer that he used his knowledge most judiciously, as it is among the greatest proofs of Herndon's inherent nobleness of character that the more Herndon knew the more he respected and loved him.

Without supererogation one can easily believe that a man of Mr. Lincoln's peculiar temperament was molded for the awful struggle before him by peculiar personal trials, and that he could not go through the experiences of love and marriage in the commonplace way of most people. On that matter Herndon was the one man in all the world who knew Abraham Lincoln's mind. There was another point, one on which many are yet sensitive, as to which Lincoln and Herndon were long in perfect accord, and that was religion. Messrs. Holland, Arnold and others have produced a respectable body of proof that Mr. Lincoln changed his views. Mr. Herndon certainly never did. He lived and died a consistent and persistent deist, and never believed that Mr. Lincoln had become aught else.

The partnership between the two was formed on the 26th of September, 1843, and continued in active practice till Mr. Lincoln became president, and in form till his death. The manner of the formation of Mr. Lincoln was eminently characteristic. As soon as he had settled with his former partner, Judge Logan, he sprang up the steps to where Herndon was sitting in the office and said:

"Herndon, should you like to be my partner?"

"Don't make fun of me," was the first reply. Assured that Mr. Lincoln was in earnest Mr. Herndon said, "You know I am too young, and have no standing and no money, but if you really mean it there is nothing in this world that would make me so happy." Mr. Lincoln immediately fell to preparing the papers, and so that partnership was formed. They had already become warm friends, and it was no doubt the entire instinct of Mr. Lincoln that enabled him to perceive how completely he could trust Mr. Herndon and led him to this apparently abrupt action. Sometimes it would happen that Mr. Lincoln would reach the office plunged in the deepest gloom; then Mr. Herndon would retire, locking the door, and walk about for an hour or two till the senior partner had recovered himself.

It was not desirable that clients should see them at such times. In happier hours the friends discussed almost every question that agitates the human mind. Through the early part of their partnership they kept no partnership accounts, but simply divided the money as it came in. But their lives were so long and extensive and complicated for three years only was Mr. Lincoln more radical in his anti-slavery action than Mr. Herndon, the most notable instance being that of the famous opening speech of 1858, which contained the statement that "A house divided against itself cannot stand," etc. In common with every other adviser Mr. Herndon at first strongly opposed the utterance of such a sentiment. In 1854 Mr. Herndon took the remarkable liberty of signing Mr. Lincoln's name to the call for all opponents of the Kansas-Nebraska act to convene, including Old Whigs and Abolitionists. For this act he was severely censured by the friends of Mr. Lincoln, but the latter confirmed his action.

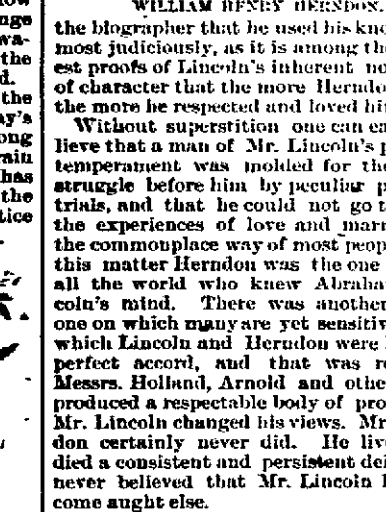
Just before starting to Washington Mr. Lincoln said to him, "Billy, you and I have been together many years, and have never passed a word. Will you let my name stay on the sign till I come back from Washington?" The tears came into Mr. Herndon's eyes and he wrung the other's hand in silence. To the day of the assassination the sign remained unchanged, and the name was none in the name of "Lincoln & Herndon."

It only remains to add that after the death of his partner and friend Mr. Herndon continued to lead the same quiet, unostentatious life, gradually withdrawing from business. A few years ago he published a three volume biography of the laborer, of which a second edition, with much new matter, has recently appeared. Unlike many works on the same period, it is not a wordy eulogy or an apologetic history and description of the man. Other unpublished manuscripts on the same subject are left in complete lack.

Mr. Herndon was born in Greensburg, Ky., Dec. 25, 1818, and was a resident of Illinois from 1839 to the time of his death.

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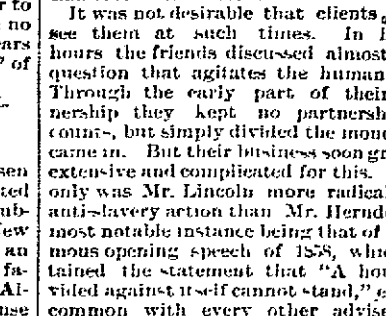
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"Don't make fun of me," was the first reply. Assured that Mr. Lincoln was in earnest Mr. Herndon said, "You know I am too young, and have no standing and no money, but if you really mean it there is nothing in this world that would make me so happy." Mr. Lincoln immediately fell to preparing the papers, and so that partnership was formed. They had already become warm friends, and it was no doubt the entire instinct of Mr. Lincoln that enabled him to perceive how completely he could trust Mr. Herndon and led him to this apparently abrupt action. Sometimes it would happen that Mr. Lincoln would reach the office plunged in the deepest gloom; then Mr. Herndon would retire, locking the door, and walk about for an hour or two till the senior partner had recovered himself.

It was not desirable that clients should see them at such times. In happier hours the friends discussed almost every question that agitates the human mind. Through the early part of their partnership they kept no partnership accounts, but simply divided the money as it came in. But their lives were so long and extensive and complicated for three years only was Mr. Lincoln more radical in his anti-slavery action than Mr. Herndon, the most notable instance being that of the famous opening speech of 1858, which contained the statement that "A house divided against itself cannot stand," etc. In common with every other adviser Mr. Herndon at first strongly opposed the utterance of such a sentiment. In 1854 Mr. Herndon took the remarkable liberty of signing Mr. Lincoln's name to the call for all opponents of the Kansas-Nebraska act to convene, including Old Whigs and Abolitionists. For this act he was severely censured by the friends of Mr. Lincoln, but the latter confirmed his action.

Just before starting to Washington Mr. Lincoln said to him, "Billy, you and I have been together many years, and have never passed a word. Will you let my name stay on the sign till I come back from Washington?" The tears came into Mr. Herndon's eyes and he wrung the other's hand in silence. To the day of the assassination the sign remained unchanged, and the name was none in the name of "Lincoln & Herndon."

It only remains to add that after the death of his partner and friend Mr. Herndon continued to lead the same quiet, unostentatious life, gradually withdrawing from business. A few years ago he published a three volume biography of the laborer, of which a second edition, with much new matter, has recently appeared. Unlike many works on the same period, it is not a wordy eulogy or an apologetic history and description of the man. Other unpublished manuscripts on the same subject are left in complete lack.

Mr. Herndon was born in Greensburg, Ky., Dec. 25, 1818, and was a resident of Illinois from 1839 to the time of his death.

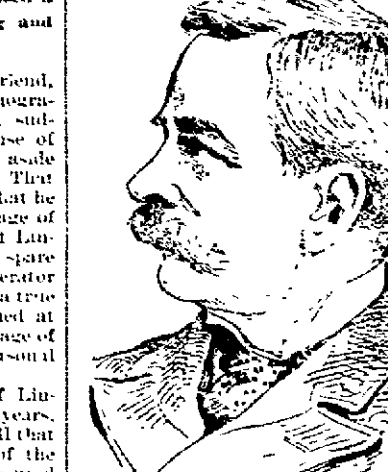
J. H. LEADLE.

It has been figured out that a ton of diamonds is worth \$35,000,000.

AN AMERICAN MERCHANT PRINCE.

How Marshall Field, of Chicago, Won His Way to Fortune.

Marshall Field now ranks high among the heroes of commercial enterprise—truly a merchant prince. His history is but a personal illustration of the growth of Chi-



MARSHALL FIELD.

ago, and the northwest, and that is perhaps the most marvelous thing in the history of development. The intellect that can hold in intelligent control a business amounting to \$5,000,000 a year, extending over one continent and into another, is quite equal in its way to that which successfully commands the largest armies.

In the case of Marshall Field the growth has been perfectly regular and healthful, from under clerk to merchant prince. He was born in 1835 in Conway, Mass., the son of a rugged Yankee farmer and scion of a family which has been in New England since 1630. He obtained a common school education, and at the age of seventeen became a dry goods clerk in Pittsfield. In 1856, at the age of twenty-one, he chose Chicago for the field of his life's work, and entering the service of Cooley, Wadsworth & Co. he advanced so rapidly that in 1860 he was made a partner.

A little later the firm became Farwell, Field & Co. In 1865 this firm dissolved, and Mr. Field united with L. Z. Leiter and the famous Potter Palmer in the firm of Field, Palmer & Leiter. Mr. Palmer went out in 1867, and the firm was Field, Leiter & Co. till 1881. Just before the great fire of 1887 the sales of this firm reached \$8,000,000 per year. Three and a half millions of its property was destroyed, but, unlike most of the losers, this firm succeeded in recovering \$2,500,000 in insurance. Soon after the fire the firm became Marshall Field & Co.

There is no magical secret in the methods which have led to this success; they are simply strict honesty, small profits, short credits, selection of willing and ambitious employees and promptness in seizing upon the best new methods of extending trade.

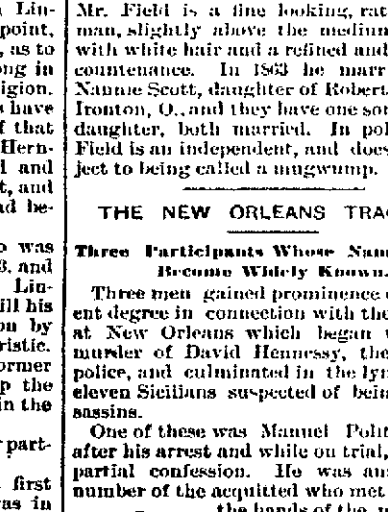
Mr. Field is a fine looking rather spare man, slightly above the medium height, with white hair and a refined and pleasing countenance. In 1863 he married Miss Nannie Scott, daughter of Robert Scott, of Ironton, O., and they have one son and one daughter, both married. In politics Mr. Field is an independent, and does not object to being called a mungump.

THE NEW ORLEANS TRAGEDY.

Three Partnerships Whose Names Have Become Widely Known.

Three men gained prominence of different degree in connection with the tragedy at New Orleans which began with the murder of David Hennessy, the chief of police, and culminated in the lynching of the Italian Sicilians suspected of being his assassins.

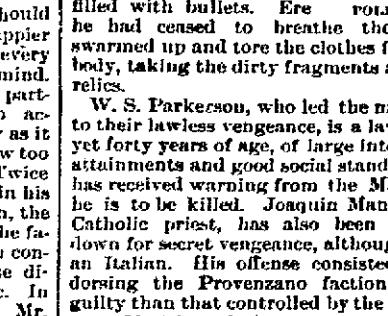
One of these was Manuel Polter, who, after his arrest and while on trial, made a partial confession. He was among the number of the acquitted who met death at the hands of the mob, and as his personality was the most sensational during the investigation he and was the most tragic. When strung up on the streets he twice climbed to the limb above him and



MANUEL POLTER.

loosed himself. He was a fine looking man, and his hands were filled with bullets. Ere he had ceased to breathe the crowd swarmed up and tore the clothes from his body, taking the dirty fragments away for relics.

W. S. Parkerson, who led the multitude to their lawless vengeance, is a lawyer not yet forty years of age, of large intellectual attainments and good social standing. He has received warning from the Mafia that he is to be killed. Joaquin Manonitta, a Catholic priest, has also been marked down for secret vengeance, although he is an Italian. His offense consisted in his denouncing the Provenzano faction as lawless, and that controlled by the Matras gang. If either of these men meets with harm it is feared that the vigilantes will reassemble and do bloodier work than that perpetrated at the parish prison.



POSTER—A fine suit of rooms over
good room, pasture, located handily
corner of Fair Ground and Greenwood
streets, to responsible party.
109-11
WM. VANMETER.

FOR RENT—A fine suit of rooms over
Foye's drug store, suitable for office
or residence. Will be put in best of order.
W. B. FOYE.

TAKEN—through mistake, silk umbrella
with gold handle, having monogram
"W. W." Return property to Miss Stella
Wilson, south Main street.

Harley Hill is laid up with the grip.
John Curran, of Napoleon, O., is visit-
ing friends in the city.

Easter Ladies' Home Journal and the
Demorest physical number at Wiant's.
E. G. Allen is confined to his home
on East Center street, with an attack
of the grip.

Tomorrow's Enquirer will contain
the names of five prize winners in the
Easter contest.

Mrs. John H. Uhler left at noon to-
day for Akron, where she will join Mr.
Uhler for a week's stay.

Carter's inks command the highest
praise by reason of their superior mer-
its. A full line at Wiant's.

The young folks want to make the
gymnasium ball the greatest one of the
season, next Tuesday night.

Read Sunday's Enquirer with a num-
ber of special features, besides the
Easter prize winner of \$200 will be an-
nounced.

Miss Bud Hart, of Caledonia, was in
the city today, preparing to take
charge of a school south of the city
Monday morning.

April magazines: Scribner, Lippin-
cott, Peterson, Harper, Ladies' Home
Journal, Popular Science and various
fashion plates at Wiant's.

During last year the Columbus,
Hocking Valley and Toledo and the To-
ledo and Ohio Central railroads hand-
led 3,074,477 tons of coal from their
mines.

A very interesting musicale was given
last Thursday afternoon by Mrs. Lin-
skoop and pupils, assisted by Miss
Leech, violinist. Another will be given
in four weeks.

The ladies in charge of the fancy ta-
ble at the M. E. Easter sale at City
Hall, desire to announce that all arti-
cles will be disposed of regardless of
cost this evening.

The postoffice force was badly af-
flicted with the grip today. Postmas-
ter Fogleson, Miss Barker, and Carriers
Copeland and Martin were all com-
pelled to lay off today.

Get a ticket to the gymnasium ball,
for next Tuesday night. Fine music.
Tickets at Hoberman & Co.'s or Tris-
tram & Young's, or of any of the mem-
bers of the Athletic Club.

Francis Gooding was up from Owen
today and gave the Star a call while
on the rounds. Mr. Gooding is 82 years
old, yet he is vigorous and hearty, and
gets around rarely well for one so ad-
vanced in years. He enjoys himself,
ton, and it is hoped he may still pleas-
antly count many years.

The Lime City Business College has
arranged to place Miss Olive Mooney
in charge of department of music. Miss
Mooney is a graduate under Prof.
Eckhart, of Columbus, and of the Dela-
ware Conservatory of Music, and Prof.
Parkinson think he has made a splen-
did engagement. Those wishing to ar-
range for a course of music should call
at college office in Fisher block.

Prohibition Nominations.
The prohibitionists nominated their
city, ward and township tickets Friday
night. The nominations are as follows:
MARION CITY TICKET.

Mayor—Joseph A. Vail.
Marshal—John Mason.
Solicitor—Grant Mouser.
Street Commissioner—Wm. H. Har-
rington.
Sealer of Weights and Measures—
Wm. H. Messenger.
Councilmen, 1st Ward—Isaac Shupp,
one year; Lewis Gunn, two years.
Councilmen, 2d Ward—Murray Wil-
son, one year; William Layman, two
years.
Councilmen, 3d Ward—William H.
Stallsmith, one year; M. B. Chase, two
years.
Councilmen, 4th Ward—Rev. Rich-
ard Wallace, one year; James Unca-
capher, two years.
Assessor, 1st Ward—Charles Ma-
Guire.

Assessor, 2d Ward—Frank Megie.
Assessor, 3d Ward—D. G. Felty.
Assessor, 4th Ward—L. B. Gurley.
Members of School Board—Phillip
Bauer, Wm. Gracely.

MARION TOWNSHIP TICKET.
Trustee—William T. Owen.
Treasurer—B. J. Camp.
Justices of the Peace—Jesse A. Hunt-
er, Newton Uncapher.
Constables—Jas. B. Bolander, Lewis
Wasser.
Assessor—Bruce Virden.

Democratic Township Convention.
The Democratic township nominat-
ing convention was held at the agricul-
tural room in the court house this
afternoon and nominated the following
officers:

John Butterfield for treasurer, Jacob
Harrington for constable and J. A. Smelt-
zer for assessor were nominated by ac-
clamation.

There was considerable interest
manifested in the nominations for
trustee and justice of the peace, as the
following ballots will indicate.

Trustee—Dennis Malloy, 51; H. W.
Kiley, 46; J. H. Harvey, 41.
Justices of the peace—John McNally,
118; Daniel Richards, 111; John Moore,
73; M. V. Payne, 48.

AN ESCAPED PRISONER.
He is Arrested Here by a Columbus De-
tective but is Released on a Writ of
Habeas Corpus.

J. C. Gray, a deserter from the Col-
umbus Barracks, who has been sailing
under the aliases of James C. Graham
and Frank Johnson, was arrested in
this city this forenoon by Detective
John J. Loop, of Columbus. Constable
Jones was called to assist the detective
to convey Gray to the city prison, but
it took several citizens to take the
man and he gave them all something
to do. He was finally locked up, how-
ever, and remained there until about
1:30 this afternoon, when Constable
Jones and Detective Loop put him in
a hack and went to the C. H. V. and T.
depot to take the train for Columbus.
In the meantime Attorneys Johnston
& Young had been interested in the
case and secured a writ of habeas
corpus for the release of the prisoner
which was given to Sheriff Kelly, who
reached the depot before the train
came in and took Gray away from his
captors and locked him up at the
county jail for safe keeping.

Gray was arrested at Sandusky
Wednesday by Detective Loop and
John Rayborn, a specially deputized
constable, for the \$50 reward that is
offered for him as a deserter. He had
been placed in the train to leave that
city, when Rayborn went out to buy a
ticket, and asking permission of Loop
to go into the water closet, the prisoner
jumped from the car window and
escaped. He was discovered getting
away by Rayborn, who fired three
shots at him, but he escaped without
serious injury.

To the Star today Gray stated that
he arrived in Marion Thursday and
had since been stopping at the Big
Four House. He said that he had en-
listed in the regular army about forty
days ago, while he was intoxicated;
that he was a former Champaign coun-
ty man and that his father now lives
at North Lewisburg.

Gray is a clever talker and has a
pleasant face. He is sore on this man
Rayborn, whom he claims poached on
him, notwithstanding Gray had be-
friended him many times.

The case was heard on the writ of
habeas corpus this evening, but on a
motion of the defendant's attorney to
continue the case Judge Schultz dis-
missed the prisoner and he has gone.

CAUCUSES AND CONVENTIONS
When and Where Marion Voters Will
Make Nominations.

DEMOCRATIC.
The democratic ward caucuses are to
be held next Thursday evening, April
2, at the following places: First ward,
court house basement; Second ward,
at Scofield & Scofield's law office;
Third ward, at Engine house; Fourth
ward, at Berringer's implement ware-
room. The delegates to city conven-
tion are allotted to the wards as follows:
First 23, Second 10, Third 17, Fourth 16.
The city convention will be held at
City Hall on Friday evening, April 3, at
7:30.

REPUBLICAN.
The republican ward caucuses will be
held on Tuesday evening, March 31, at
the places named below:
First ward, Agricultural room in
the court house; Second ward, at
Mayor's office; Third ward, at Engine
house; Fourth ward, at Geo. D. Cope-
land's law office.
The wards are entitled to delegates
to city convention as follows: First 14,
Second 7, Third 12, Fourth 9.
The city convention meets at City
Hall Wednesday evening, April 1, at
7:30 o'clock.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church.
Services on Easter morning, begin-
ning at the hour of 11. The following
is the program of the music that will
be rendered:
Voluntary, organ and flute, "Ten-
dresse."—Packet.
Hymn 66.—LeJeune.
Amen and Responses.—Tallis.
Anthem—"Christ our Passover."—
Moinston.
Gloria Patri.—Danks.
Te Deum.—Holden.
Jubilate.—Cooper.
Hymn 98.—Rimbault.
Kyrle Eleison.—Tours.
Hymn 104.—Gauntlett.
Offertory—"Christ is Risen."—Wisk.
Sursum Corda.—Camidge.
Sanctus.—Camidge.
Gloria in Excelsis.—Old Chant.
Sermon on the text, "The Lord is
risen indeed."

Evening prayer will be said at 4 p.
m., at which service the sermon will be
especially for the children.

The public are cordially invited to
all services.

The annual parish meeting for elec-
tion of vestry and such other business
as may require attention will be held
on Monday evening, at 7:30.

All who are interested in the welfare
of St. Paul's are earnestly requested to
attend.
J. de Q. DODGEON, Rector.

Silver Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Walter, resid-
ing on north Main street, celebrated
the twenty-fifth anniversary of their
marriage with a silver wedding Friday
night. More than fifty guests were
present and joined in the merry festi-
vities of the occasion.

The attending friends brought with
them many elegant presents, and these
were happily presented by Dr. Hensley,
in a characteristic address. Of course
there was an elegant supper, and that
all enjoyed it goes without the saying.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter have greatly en-
joyed the twenty-five years of marital
union, and their friends all wish them
a continuation of health and happiness;
that a golden anniversary may be cele-
brated when the fiftieth year has been
reached.

"OH, I'M SO TIRED."
That's the Expression That Wears Him,
the Brother of the Girl Who Belongs to
the Gym—Other Fancies and Fallacies.

Two very tired and weary looking
young ladies could be seen walking up
east Center street last Monday; they
were so absorbed in their conversation,
they failed to notice the approach of
anyone, and as they languidly proceed-
ed, a stranger who was with a young
gentleman of the city made the remark,
"what is the cause of such a look of
lassitude and fagged-out expression on
so many young ladies in this city?"
"Cooking school, eh?" "Oh, no," re-
plied the Marion man, but just as he
was going to solve the question, they
were both startled by a loud, "Oh, my!
wasn't that a perfectly lovely jump
that Julia made this afternoon, and the
ladder act of Edith's was just too sweet
for anything," and just then the two
ladies passed out of hearing, and the
stranger turned to the Marion man,
and joyfully exclaimed, "By jove, I have
it, you have a gym." "Yes," laugh-
ingly asserted the other, "that's the
size of it, and I have a sister that be-
longs, and I am so thankful that they
have only given the ladies three after-
noons a week, and so are the family, as
when sister comes home her stereotyped
expression is, "Oh, I'm so tired," and
she spends the interval between lessons
in recuperating for the next, but we
live in hopes that she will soon be able
to do a little work the day before the
lesson, and maybe some day recover
fully without detriment, so that "I'm so
tired" will be dropped from her vocabu-
lary, and she will sail in with renewed
energy to practice on the willing
victims, her new knowledge of the art
of cooking recently acquired from Mrs.
Ewing. "Well, shako old boy, I can
sympathize with you, I have two sisters
at home who just a few months ago
went through the same experience, and
it has wonderfully improved them, but
I tell you it was tough at first, but we
all now swear by the cooking school,
the gym, and will be ready to swear
allegiance to the next fad. As in our ex-
perience, the victims themselves of
instruction suffered each time, as well
as the subjects on whom they experi-
mented, but cheer up old man, you
will soon be out of the woods and sing
the praises of cooking schools, gymnas-
iums, Shakespeare societies and Dela-
ware clubs.

A few evenings ago, a young gentle-
man of this city was calling on a friend
who is a very clever performer on the
piano, and among other selections, a
charming nocturne was rendered, which
greatly pleased the auditor. Little does
the lady know to what an extent her
artistic performance played on the
young man's feeling, as the bond of
harmony and sympathy expressed in
the delicate composition formed a very
close relation. Putting one's soul in
such work, and a susceptible critic,
might, might—but will leave the read-
er to guess.

A number of prominent married
ladies in this city were discussing re-
cently the modes of proposal, and the
theory was advanced by one bright
young wife, that she believed all men
carried out the plan so often caricatur-
ed of the man kneeling and pleading
the lady's hand, and at once a chorus
of voices took the negative side, and
most earnestly debated the question,
claiming they never knew such an
event actually to take place, when the
charming lady with crimson cheeks,
said, "Well, all my experience was that
way anyhow, as Jim very gracefully
did the graceful act in that way," and
then the blushing lady was congrat-
ulated by all present.

Later, two of the party were talking
together, when the one said, "Well I
guess Jim knew he was on uncertain
ground, and he was afraid to venture
in the same conventional manner as
my George."

A business man of this town who
regularly beards the lion in the den;
otherwise puts in spare time by play-
ing on the green cloth in the poker
room, makes a much larger sum out of
his evenings in that manner than his
regular business, whilst the peculiar
parties in the fact of his scrupulously
investing the proceeds in one of Mar-
ions very prosperous institutions, and
as he generally wins, in this case, the
profit of the game is made of practical
and increasing worth.

The foolish practice of advertising
for correspondents in the city papers,
was forcibly illustrated but a short
time ago in this city.

A young gentleman advertised for a
gentleman correspondent and the an-
swers freely flowed in, and he secured a
goodly number of supplies and in many
cases, a two cent stamp was enclosed
by the gentleman writer, with the hope
of eliciting a reply from the fair one,
and it is needless to add, quite a col-
lection of stamps from different parts
of the country were secured by the
thrifty young man. This same plan is
repeatedly worked, with the sole ob-
ject of seeing the number of suckers
willing to bite. As well, a number of
other equally foolish schemes are in
rogue.

Two young ladies were quietly walk-
ing on west Center street one even-
ing, the first of the week, and a young
cigarette fiend rudely brushed up
against them, and made a remark. Al-
though the ladies were not known, the
act was decidedly rude and a number
of boys and young men are guilty of
covertly making remarks while loafing
on the streets; almost daily it can be
noticed and, doubtless, just punish-
ment will be meted out to the offender,
at some unexpected moment.

There is probably less sugar in the
city of Marion today, in proportion to
its size, than any time in the history of
the town, caused by the dealers cutting
their stocks close to demand to April
1st, when the iniquitous McKinley bill
goes into effect and has the bad result
of reducing a good share of all kinds of
sugar one and a half cents per pound.
This is another exemplification of the
evils of protection, sarcastically speak-
ing.
CENT G. WOOD.

THE GRIPPE.
A History of the Disease, its Causes and
Effects, as Given by a Local Physician.

Desiring some reliable information
on the subject of grip, now prevailing
so extensively in various parts of the
United States, and to some extent in
Marion and vicinity, the Star repre-
sentative called on Dr. Maddox at his
office on East street.

"What is grip, anyhow, Doctor?"
queried the Star.

"To begin with," replied the Doctor
pleasantly, "grip—well it gripe—is a
vulgar name given by the French peo-
ple to a common epidemic disease
known as influenza or catarrhal fever.

"Then it is not a new disease?"

"By no means. Medical literature
gives us authentic accounts of epidem-
ics occurring as far back as ninth cen-
tury. The first epidemic of influenza in
America occurred in 1647. It prevail-
ed again in 1732 and continued with in-
tervals of a few years up to 1790. In
1830 the disease made its appearance
in China, traveled westward and spread
over the entire continent of Europe.
The following year it crossed the ocean
and invaded America. A great epi-
demic prevailed in 1850, which expend-
ed its force chiefly in Europe. It is
said that 9000 people died of it in Rome
that year. In 1870 influenza prevailed
to a considerable extent in this country,
the Eastern states being at that time
more severely afflicted than other
parts of the country. The present
epidemic began in Russia nearly two
years ago and has since spread all over
the habitable globe."

"What is the existing cause of influ-
enza?"

"The disease is due to peculiar epi-
demic influence, the precise nature of
which is not known. The upholders of
germ theory of disease tell us that in-
fluenza has its specific germ or para-
site, but they have not as yet succeed-
ed in demonstrating it.

"It is the general supposition that the
disease sustains a close relation to low
temperatures, and to sudden variations
of temperature. This is an error, how-
ever, for it prevails in all seasons and
in all varieties of climate."

"Does this malady attack by pre-
ference any particular class or classes
of society?"

"No, all classes are alike susceptible
to its ravages. It finds its way into the
palaces of the rich as quickly and sure-
ly as it does the humble abodes of the
poor."

"Doctor, is not influenza very liable
to cause serious lung trouble?"

"You are right, it is indeed, and it is
these complications on the part of the
pulmonary system that constitutes the
chief danger of an attack of la grippe.

The extremes of life, childhood and
old age, and weak or debilitated per-
sons do not withstand this disease well,
they are very liable to develop a fatal
bronchitis or pneumonia. Individuals
who are predisposed to consumption
should be particularly careful. Those
who already show signs of this disease
have their symptoms aggravated and
as a rule quickly sink after an attack
of influenza."

"How is the disease first treated,
Doctor?"

"The treatment is symptomatic.
Many cases scarcely require anything
more than confinement to the house
for a few days. On the other hand
many cases demand the most energetic
treatment. Briefly stated the medical
treatment consists in the use of anody-
ne to relieve pain, and remedies
directed toward the fever and catarrhal
symptoms.

"The vast majority of cases recover.
In severe epidemics, probably two per
cent. of those attacked die. The mor-
tality I think has been as high as this
in some locations during the present
epidemic."

Gen. W. Conrad Dead.

A telegram received at the Marion
Deposit Bank today from Harry Con-
rad, announced the death of his father,
G. W. Conrad, formerly and for a long
time a resident of Marion.

The telegram was sent from Kansas
City. Harry Conrad was on his way
west to a village in Kansas when the
elder Mr. Conrad was taken with a fa-
tal illness while on a visit. The place
of his death and particulars are yet to
be learned.

CROWN AND SCEPTER.

Friedrich Wilhelm, the present heir ap-
parent to the German throne, is a boy of
nine years.

The Duke of Aosta, while hunting near
Rome, was thrown from his horse, and
painfully injured, his shoulder being dis-
located.

The Princess of Wales has not altered
the hope of her husband for years, although
in other matters she follows the flights of
fashion.

Poor Christina of Spain has been ordered
by her physicians to abstain herself from
the capital and to take absolute rest for
several months.

The czar owns a house in Holland, and
is having it thoroughly overhauled and
made brand new. It was Peter the Great's
house in Zaandam.

King Otto's health is reported to be fail-
ing, and it is said that but for careful
watching he would probably end his life
like his brother Louis, the late king of
Bavaria.

King Kalakaua's coffin was made of koa
and kono wood of about 60 pieces, even the
handles were made of wood. No metal of
any kind was to be seen except the inscrip-
tion plate.

BONNER DISMISSED.
The Probate Court Releases the Veteri-
nary Surgeon.

Dr. H. L. Bonner, the veterinary sur-
geon who attempted to leave Marion
and debts on short notice, but who was
arrested at Union City, brought back
and bound over to court, was given
another hearing before the probate
court today, and was released.

The ground of release was that Bon-
ner was a regular boarder at the Kerr
House and there was insufficient evi-
dence that he had secured board or
goods with intent to defraud. This is
possibly true, but it is strikingly ap-
parent that Bonner wanted to beat
everybody that he could and he has
succeeded. But the publicity and
humiliation, if such is possible, may
save some future dealers of whom he
attempts to seek favor.

Since writing the above it is learned
that the court released Bonner on
motion of his attorney without hear-
ing the prosecution's argument.

A warrant for his arrest for perjury
is out.

Notice.
D. C. Hansawalt, V. S., a graduate of
the Ontario Veterinary College, Canada,
will come to Marion and locate perma-
nently April 1st, 1891. Will give good
references.
109-11

Green Camp.
Miss Lorena Patten, who has been in col-
lege at Delaware for several terms, has re-
turned to her home.

Two Allen county young gentlemen, Al-
ma and J. A. Horter, are visiting relatives
here and hunting ducks.

Tidily winds has struck our locality
and we are all at it.

Two of Marion's young men (whose
names are known) were down here Tues-
day on a tear. They run their horses
through our streets at full speed, causing a
funeral procession to give them the road.
The marshal made an attempt to arrest them
and came near landing them in the cooler.
They can get their buggy whip by calling
on the marshal.

Mrs. Ritzler's little babe died on Monday
and was buried on Tuesday.

The body of Miss Lydia Petty is being
removed from our cemetery to Prospect, to
be interred with the remains of her father.

The Rhoads boy who fell off the train
near here has been removed to the inter-
nary.

John Kirts has removed his stock of goods
to Woodland, where he will continue his
mercantile business.

Township Republican caucus tomorrow
evening at 7 o'clock.

"Doc" Porter died this morning at the
hotel after a brief illness. He was an old
soldier and though he has been an invalid
for many years he has never been able to
get a pension, and died an object of charity.
It seems too bad that any old soldier must
end his days in this way.

March 27.
"That tired feeling" is completely overcome
by Hood's Sassafras, which gives a feel-
ing of buoyancy and strength to the whole
system.

Something New About Carpets

Do You Need—Are you going to buy any Carpets this season?
Do You Want to select from an assortment such as can be seen only in large cities?
Do You Want the latest and choicest styles?
Do You Want nice clean goods, fresh from the looms?
Do You Want your Carpet cut without waste?
Do You Want your Carpet sewed ready to lay?
Do You Want any kind of Brussels, Velvets, Wilton Velvets, Moquettes, in the choicest designs, made
up with Beautiful Match Borders, in first-class style?

AND ABOVE ALL

Do You Want to pay less than you have been paying elsewhere for old goods carried in stock from
year to year?

THEN COME TO SEE US!

Our plan of selling Carpets enables us to offer all these advantages and give you better value for
your dollar than any other house here has ever been able to do. Cutting All Carpets Without Waste
saves you several dollars on each carpet. You have the advantage of city assortment, city prices, city
styles, city (that is expert) workmanship in sewing and bordering. We guarantee satisfaction.
Prompt service is one of our distinguished features. No shelf-worn stock; no time-worn styles; no
soiled goods or job-lots! Sorry we are short of space—but come to see us and we will explain fully
why we can undersell competitors and yet give you better value.

JOHN LANDON,

126 WEST CENTER STREET

MEDITATE

BUT DON'T

HESITATE!

THAT THE

BLUE FRONT CLOTHING HOUSE

Has the finest line of Spring and Summer Clothing in the city. Their
line is all new and complete and of the Latest Designs. Prices be-
low competition, and a hint to the wise is sufficient.

MEN'S SPRING SUITS—We sell
a good, durable suit for \$3.50,
worth \$5.00, and better ones from
\$4.50 to \$10.00—can't be bought
for less than \$7.00 to \$14.00. Bet-
ter goods in proper tin.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS—Mothers
in no other store in Marion will you find
such a great stock nor so beautiful a varie-
ty of Confirmation and Easter Outfits for the Boys
and Children than at the BLUE FRONT CLOTH-
ING HOUSE.

PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

WE HAVE COME TO STAY!

And all we ask of the people of Marion county is to call. We will convince
you of our assertion that prices are away down. We will save you fully 25
per cent. Remember, it is no trouble for us to show you goods, and we will
convince you that we HAVE COME TO STAY, DO YOU GOOD and SAVE
YOU MONEY.

The Blue Front Clothiers, Hatters and Gents' Furnishers,

Opposite Hotel Marion, Marion, Ohio.

P. S.—We keep a full line of Kilt and Sailor Suits. Give us a call.

A JOYOUS SPRINGTIME!

IS LATE IN COMING, BUT

D. A. FRANK & CO. VOICE A GREETING.

To the Dry Goods buyers of Marion and vicinity, with their Spring Announcements and Bargain Offerings that ought to cheer every contemplative buyer who will read and profit thereby.

THIS IS OUR CELEBRATION DAY

One year ago we began our business career and inaugurated the era of selling the best Dry Goods at cheap prices. The year has been a fine one, and its success has proved the popularity of our endeavors. A steady increased trade is the monument we have erected, thanks to kind patrons, and with the assurance of a like course of dealing in the future, we express our gratitude and solicit a continuance of favors.

Note the Attractions in Every Department of Our Store!

DRESS GOODS

Positively we have never known so fine a line of dress goods to be opened in Marion as we have this spring. We have a fine line of

Imported Novelties,

All the nice things, and we actually sell them cheaper than anybody else. And we actually offer the new shades in

Home Spuns at \$4.98 per Suit!

The prettiest and most popular things this season, those you hear so much about are

The Lansdownes,

With the new iridescent and jeweled trimmings. Our line of them is surpassingly large, anything that you can want, the New Spring Shades and trimmings to match. See them. We have a good line of Creme Wool Goods, and everything desirable in Black goods.

Our all-wool Henriettas at 65c, 75c, \$2.12 and 87c are simply matchless. They are 46 inches wide and cannot be equalled at the price. At 99c we show a silk warp Henrietta that is as fine and heavy as any goods that have been offered here at \$1.25 per yard.

Black Silks!

We acknowledge no competition in Black Silks. Ours are the new weaves. Buyers are solicited to compare prices and goods. There is the test.

Grenadines are the proper things for over dress. There are to be largely worn this season, and we have the correct kind. We have the drapery net and put it upon the counters at 18c.

A point to remember is that our dress goods are all new. The old goods were sold last fall, as the season waned, at sacrifice prices.

Here's a Point!

We have already proven ours to be the cheapest Dry Goods House in Marion. We shall steadfastly maintain that proud distinction by always selling the best goods for the least money. Make a note of it!

Hosiery AND Underwear

The Cleanfast Hosiery is the best in the market. In the cities it has had a marvelous run.

New spring underwear is now open, and the best values for the money that can be shown. Have from the cheap to choice silk goods. Look it over.



Lace Curtains.

This year we have increased our lace curtain stock. An extra wide curtain, a good one, at \$1.00 per pair, sold elsewhere for \$2.75.

For \$4.75 we sell an elegant pair of curtains, in the new things, that sell the world over for \$7.00. These are our specialties. We carry other priced goods.

Embroideries

White Goods

Nobody ever has shown such a stock here. All the narrow edges that are so much sought after, in Swiss, Hamburg or anything else. Flouncings in white and black. Black are to be the rage and we bought accordingly. These were bought before the increased tariff and we offer them less than the present wholesale prices.

KID GLOVES!

The popular innovation in the local glove trade, was the establishment of our counter at which we fit the glove to the hand. That leaves no doubt about the fit or the glove wearing well. And we warrant them.

Everything desirable we carry, and the price is invariably lower than elsewhere. Never buy a glove until you try our counter.

CORSETS!



There are positive advantages in buying our Corsets, for we not only give as good a corset as the money will buy but we warrant them. The buyer can always return a corset and have money refunded if it is not satisfactory in every respect, after four weeks' trial, too. Is that not a striking advantage? Any form can be fitted from our stock.

Table Linens.

Our line of Linens is exceedingly large. Fine Linens with Napkins to match. Turkey Red Linens, good ones, at 19 cents, sold everywhere for 25 cents. Better ones proportionately cheap. A fine stock of unbleached Table Linens, actually the best values that can be offered for the money.

GINGHAMS.

Here we can suit anybody, no matter how particular. They shall be a specialty with us this season. Of course this means attractive prices.

SPRING JACKETS

Attention is called to our new spring jackets. There is as much in the make as in the goods. Ours are stylishly made, with high shoulders, and suit the wearer. Of course we recommend the higher priced goods, but carry the medium and low priced jackets to suit the trade.

We sell an all wool stockinette jacket at \$2.25, a better one for \$3.50, and very good, stylish ones at \$4.50.

FULL LINE OF DOMESTICS AT PRICES LOWER THAN ANYBODY!

Outing Flannels—a lovely stock and large. They are to be greatly worn this season and we invite an inspection. We sell them at from 8 to 12 1-2 cents, the latter buying the very best made.

One hundred pieces of Challies, in new colorings, at 5 cents. Best Dark Prints now on the counters at 5 cents. Best, wide, Checked Shirtings at 8 cents—considered low elsewhere at 10 cents.

IN CONCLUSION:

We want your trade. First, we offer the goods you want at prices unequalled; the low price is our hobby and your gain. To these attractions we add a force of clerks who are anxious to please, who delight to show goods and name prices. We invite you in.

D. A. FRANK & COMPANY,

WHITE FRONT,

MASONIC BLOCK.